

LS-BL495510-801

10.3Gbps SFP+ BIDI Transceiver, Single Mode, 80km Reach 1490nm TX / 1550nm RX

Product Features

- Supports up to 10.7Gbps bit rates
- Hot-pluggable SFP+ footprint
- 1490nm Cooled EML laser and APD photodiode, Up to 80km for SMF transmission
- Compliant with SFP+ MSA and SFF-8472 with simplex LC receptacle
- Compatible with RoHS
- Single +3.3V power supply
- Real Time Digital Diagnostic Monitoring
- Operating case temperature:

Standard: 0 to +70°C

Applications

- 10Gbps Optical systems
- 10GBASE-ZR at 10.3125Gbps
- 10GBASE-ZW at 9.953Gbps
- LTE systems
- Other Optical links

Description

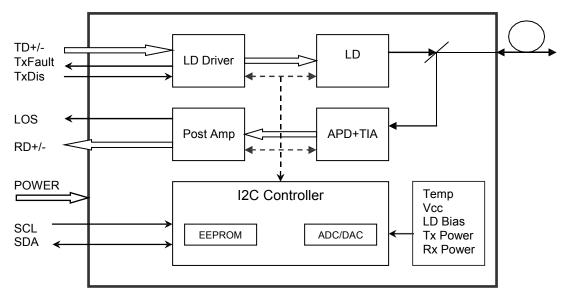
The SFP+ transceivers are high performance, cost effective modules supporting data rate of 10Gbps and 80km transmission distance with SMF.

The transceiver consists of three sections: a Cooled EML laser transmitter, a APD photodiode integrated with a trans-impedance preamplifier (TIA) and MCU control unit. All modules satisfy class I laser safety requirements.

The transceivers are compatible with SFP Multi-Source Agreement and SFF-8472 digital diagnostics functions.







Transceiver functional diagram

Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
Supply Voltage	Vcc	-0.5	4.5	V
Storage Temperature	Ts	-40	+85	°C
Operating Humidity	-	5	85	%

Recommended Operating Conditions

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typical	Max	Unit
Operating Case Temperature	Тс	0		+70	°C
Power Supply Voltage	Vcc	3.135	3.30	3.465	V
Power Supply Current	lcc			450	mA
Data Rate		1.0	10.3	10.7	Gbps

Para	meter	Symbol	Min	Typical	Max	Unit	Notes	
Transmitter								
Centre V	Wavelength	λς	1480	1490	1500	nm		
Spectral W	idth (-20dB)	Δλ			1	nm		
Side-Mode Su	ppression Ratio	SMSR	30	-		dB		
Average C	Output Power	Pout	0		+4	dBm	1	
Extinc	tion Ratio	ER	6			dB		
Data Input Sv	wing Differential	V _{IN}	180		850	mV	2	
Input Differe	ntial Impedance	Z _{IN}	90	100	110	Ω		
TV D: 11	Disable		2.0		Vcc	v		
TX Disable	Enable		0		0.8	V		
	Fault		2.0		Vcc	V		
TX Fault	Normal		0		0.8	V		
			Receive	er				
Centre V	Wavelength	λς	1540	1550	1560	nm		
Receiver	r Sensitivity				-22	dBm	3	
Receive	er Overload		-6			dBm	3	
LOS D)e-Assert	LOS _D			-23	dBm		
	LOS Assert		-35			dBm		
LOS H	ysteresis		0.5			dB		
Data Output S	Swing Differential	V _{out}	300		900	mV	4	
		High	2.0		Vcc	V		
	_OS	Low			0.8	V		

Optical and Electrical Characteristics

Notes:

1. The optical power is launched into SMF.

2. PECL input, internally AC-coupled and terminated.

3. Measured with a PRBS 2^{31} -1 test pattern @10312Mbps, BER $\leq 1 \times 10^{-12}$.

4. Internally AC-coupled.

Timing and Electrical

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typical	Max	Unit
Tx Disable Negate Time	t_on			1	ms
Tx Disable Assert Time	t_off			10	μs
Time To Initialize, including Reset of Tx Fault	t_init			300	ms
Tx Fault Assert Time	t_fault			100	μs
Tx Disable To Reset	t_reset	10			μs
LOS Assert Time	t_loss_on			100	μs
LOS De-assert Time	t_loss_off			100	μs
Serial ID Clock Rate	f_serial_cloc k		100	400	KH z
MOD_DEF (0:2)-High	V _H	2		Vcc	v
MOD_DEF (0:2)-Low	VL			0.8	V

Diagnostics

Parameter	Range	Unit	Accuracy	Calibration
Temperatu re	0 to +70	°C	±3°C	Internal
Voltage	3.0 to 3.6	v	±3%	Internal
Bias Current	0 to 100	mA	±10%	Internal
TX Power	-1 to +5	dBm	±3dB	Internal
RX Power	-23 to -6	dBm	±3dB	Internal

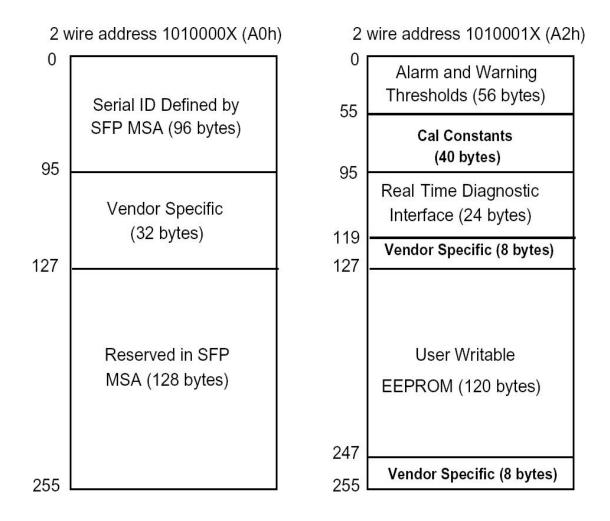


Digital Diagnostic Memory Map

The transceivers provide serial ID memory contents and diagnostic information about the present operating conditions by the 2-wire serial interface (SCL, SDA).

The diagnostic information with internal calibration or external calibration all are implemented, including received power monitoring, transmitted power monitoring, bias current monitoring, supply voltage monitoring and temperature monitoring.

The digital diagnostic memory map specific data field defines as following.





Pin Descriptions



Pin	Signal Name	Description	Plug Seq.	Notes
1	V _{EET}	Transmitter Ground	1	
2	TX FAULT	Transmitter Fault Indication	3	Note 1
3	TX DISABLE	Transmitter Disable	3	Note 2
4	SDA	SDA Serial Data Signal	3	
5	SCL	SCL Serial Clock Signal	3	
6	MOD_ABS	Module Absent. Grounded within the module	3	
7	RSO	Not Connected	3	
8	LOS	Loss of Signal	3	Note 3
9	RS1	Not Connected	3	
10	V _{EER}	Receiver ground	1	
11	V _{EER}	Receiver ground	1	
12	RD-	Inv. Received Data Out	3	Note 4
13	RD+	Received Data Out	3	Note 4
14	V _{EER}	Receiver ground	1	
15	V _{CCR}	Receiver Power Supply	2	
16	V _{CCT}	Transmitter Power Supply	2	



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17	V _{EET}	Transmitter Ground	1	
18	TD+	Transmit Data In	3	Note 5
19	TD-	Inv. Transmit Data In	3	Note 5
20	V _{EET}	Transmitter Ground	1	

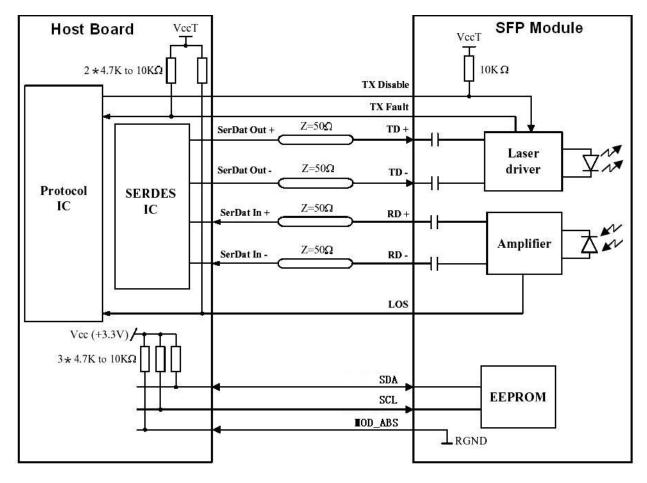
Notes:

Plug Seq.: Pin engagement sequence during hot plugging.

1. TX Fault is an open collector output, which should be pulled up with a 4.7k~10kΩ resistor on the host board to a voltage between 2.0V and Vcc+0.3V. Logic 0 indicates normal operation; Logic 1 indicates a laser fault of some kind. In the low state, the output will be pulled to less than 0.8V.

2. Laser output disabled on TDIS >2.0V or open, enabled on TDIS <0.8V.

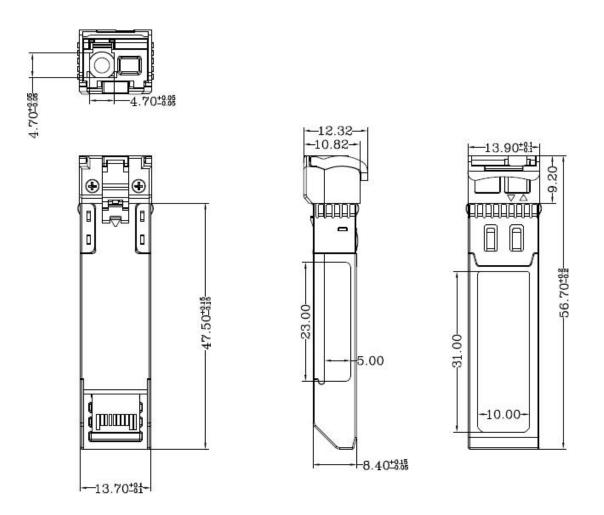
- 3. LOS is open collector output. Should be pulled up with 4.7k~10kΩ on host board to a voltage between 2.0V and 3.6V. Logic 0 indicates normal operation; logic 1 indicates loss of signal.
- 4. RD-/+: These are the differential receiver outputs. They are internally AC-coupled 100 differential lines which should be terminated with 100Ω (differential) at the user SERDES.
- 5. TD-/+: These are the differential transmitter inputs. They are internally AC-coupled, differential lines with 100Ω differential termination inside the module.



Recommended Interface Circuit



Mechanical Dimensions



Ordering information

Part Number	Product Description						
LS-BL495510-80C	1490T/1550R,	10Gbps,	LC,	80km,	0°C~+70°C,	with DDM	